

# MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR NP80N04EHE, NP80N04KHE

NP80N04CHE, NP80N04DHE, NP80N04MHE, NP80N04NHE

# **SWITCHING N-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET**

#### **DESCRIPTION**

These products are N-channel MOS Field Effect Transistors designed for high current switching applications.

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

PART NUMBER	LEAD PLATING	PACKING	PACKAGE	
NP80N04EHE-E1-AY Note1, 2			TO-263 (MP-25ZJ) typ. 1.4 g	
NP80N04EHE-E2-AY Note1, 2	Dura Ca /Tia)	Tana 200 n/raal		
NP80N04KHE-E1-AY Note1	Pure Sn (Tin)	Tape 800 p/reel	TO 2002 (MD 2077/2) him 4.5 m	
NP80N04KHE-E2-AY Note1			TO-263 (MP-25ZK) typ. 1.5 g	
NP80N04CHE-S12-AZ Note1, 2	Sn-Ag-Cu		TO-220 (MP-25) typ. 1.9 g	
NP80N04DHE-S12-AY Note1, 2		Tuba 50 a/tuba	TO-262 (MP-25 Fin Cut) typ. 1.8 g	
NP80N04MHE-S18-AY Note1	Pure Sn (Tin)	Tube 50 p/tube	TO-220 (MP-25K) typ. 1.9 g	
NP80N04NHE-S18-AY Note1			TO-262 (MP-25SK) typ. 1.8 g	

Notes 1. Pb-free (This product does not contain Pb in the external electrode.)

2. Not for new design

#### **FEATURES**

- Channel temperature 175 degree rated
- Super low on-state resistance

 $R_{DS(on)}$  = 8.0 m $\Omega$  MAX. (Vgs = 10 V, ID = 40 A)

• Low input capacitance

Ciss = 2200 pF TYP.

• Built-in gate protection diode

(TO-220)



(TO-262)



(TO-263)



The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Before using this document, please

confirm that this is the latest version.

Not all products and/or types are available in every country. Please check with an NEC Electronics sales representative for availability and additional information.

# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C)

VDSS	40	V
Vgss	±20	V
I <sub>D(DC)</sub>	±80	Α
I <sub>D(pulse)</sub>	±280	Α
PT	1.8	W
Рт	120	W
Tch	175	°C
Tstg	-55 to +175	°C
las	52/31/13	Α
Eas	2.7/96/169	mJ
	VGSS ID(DC) ID(pulse) PT PT Tch Tstg IAS	VGSS ±20 ID(DC) ±80 ID(pulse) ±280 PT 1.8 PT 120 Tch 175 Tstg -55 to +175 IAS 52/31/13

**Notes 1.** Calculated constant current according to MAX. allowable channel temperature.

- **2.** PW  $\leq$  10  $\mu$ s, Duty cycle  $\leq$  1%
- 3. Starting Tch = 25°C, Rg = 25  $\Omega$ , Vgs = 20  $\rightarrow$  0 V (See Figure 4.)

# THERMAL RESISTANCE

Channel to Case Thermal Resistance	$R_{th(ch-C)}$	1.25	°C/W
Channel to Ambient Thermal Resistance	Rth(ch-A)	83.3	°C/W

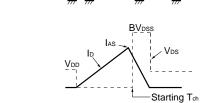


#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)**

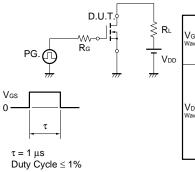
Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	Ipss	V <sub>DS</sub> = 40 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V			10	μΑ
Gate to Source Leakage Current	Igss	V <sub>GS</sub> = ±20 V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V			±10	μΑ
Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 250 \mu\text{A}$	2.0	3.0	4.0	٧
Forward Transfer Admittance	yfs	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 40 A	15	31		S
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	RDS(on)	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 40 A		6.2	8.0	mΩ
Input Capacitance	Ciss	V <sub>DS</sub> = 25 V,		2200	3300	pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V,		490	730	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss	f = 1 MHz		230	410	pF
Turn-on Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 20 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 40 A,		24	52	ns
Rise Time	tr	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V,		14	36	ns
Turn-off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	R <sub>G</sub> = 1 Ω		44	88	ns
Fall Time	tf			15	37	ns
Total Gate Charge	Q <sub>G</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 32 V,		40	60	nC
Gate to Source Charge	QGS	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V,		12		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q <sub>GD</sub>	I <sub>D</sub> = 80 A		16		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub> (S-D)	I <sub>F</sub> = 80 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V		1.0		V
Reverse Recovery Time	trr	I <sub>F</sub> = 80 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V,		40		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Qrr	di/dt = 100 A/μs		50		nC

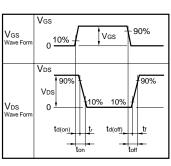
#### **TEST CIRCUIT 1 AVALANCHE CAPABILITY**

# $\begin{array}{c|c} & D.U.T. \\ \hline R_G = 25 \ \Omega \\ \hline PG. & \geqslant 50 \ \Omega \\ \hline V_{GS} = 20 \rightarrow 0 V \\ \end{array}$



#### TEST CIRCUIT 2 SWITCHING TIME





# TEST CIRCUIT 3 GATE CHARGE

$$\begin{array}{c|c} D.U.T. \\ \hline \\ IG = 2 \text{ mA} \\ \hline \\ VOD \\ \end{array}$$

# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

Figure 1. DERATING FACTOR OF FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA

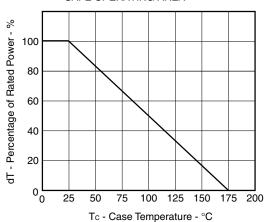


Figure 3. FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA

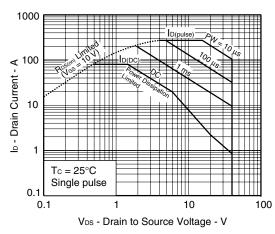
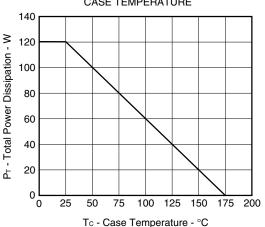


Figure2. TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs. CASE TEMPERATURE



10 - Case Temperature - C

Figure4. SINGLE AVALANCHE ENERGY DERATING FACTOR

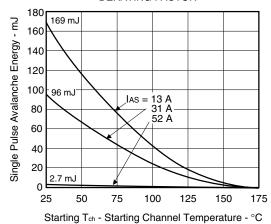


Figure 5. TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH

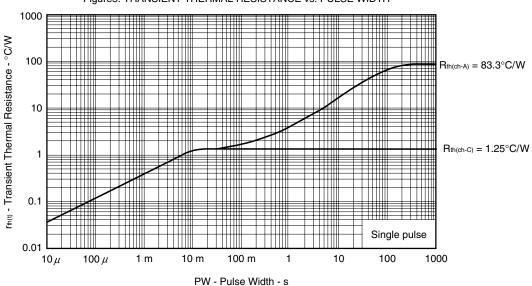


Figure 6. FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

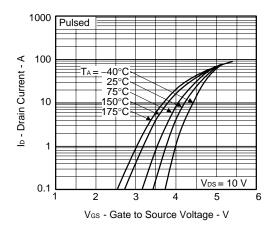


Figure8. FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT

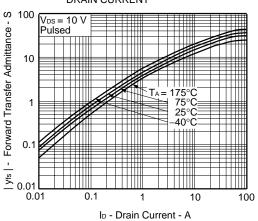


Figure 10. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT R<sub>DS(on)</sub> - Drain to Source On-state Resistance - mΩ 20 Pulsed 10 V<sub>GS</sub> = 10 V 0

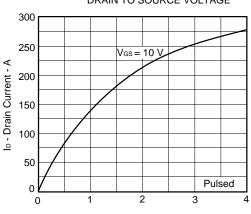
10

ID - Drain Current - A

100

1000

Figure 7. DRAIN CURRENT vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



V<sub>DS</sub> - Drain to Source Voltage - V

Figure9. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE

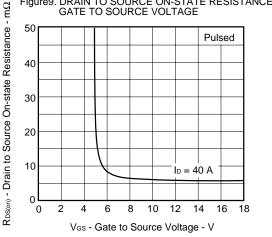
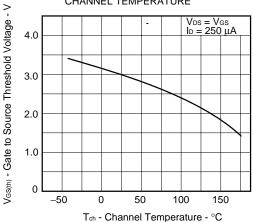


Figure 11. GATE TO SOURCE THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



 $R_{\text{DS}(\text{on})}$  - Drain to Source On-state Resistance -  $m\Omega$ 

Figure12. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE

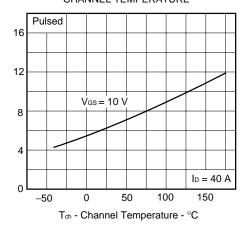


Figure 13. SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE

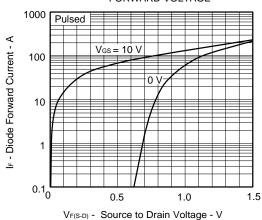


Figure 14. CAPACITANCE vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE

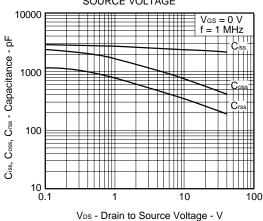


Figure 15. SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

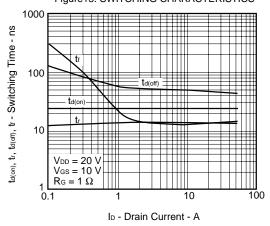


Figure 16. REVERSE RECOVERY TIME vs. DIODE FORWARD CURRENT

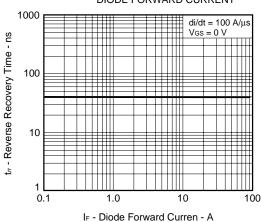
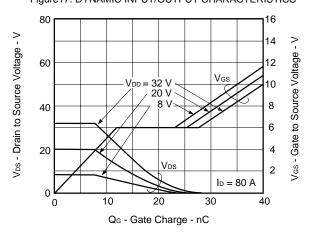
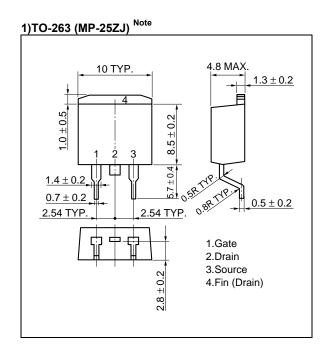
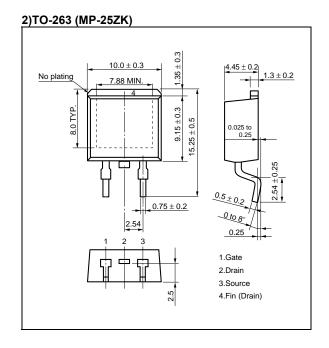


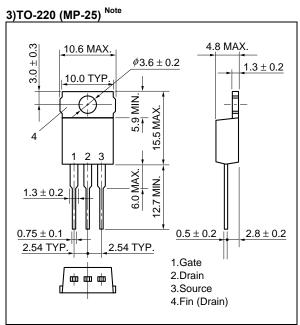
Figure 17. DYNAMIC INPUT/OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

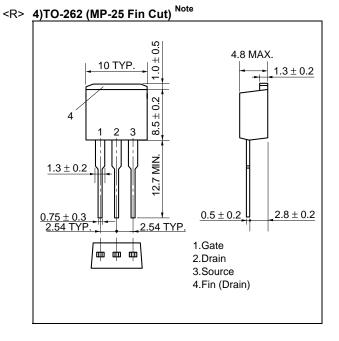


#### PACKAGE DRAWINGS (Unit: mm)

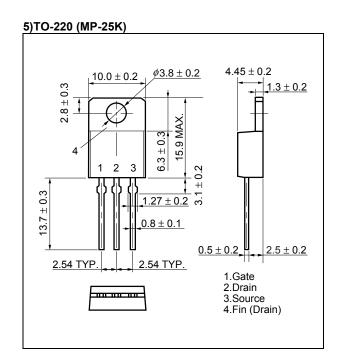


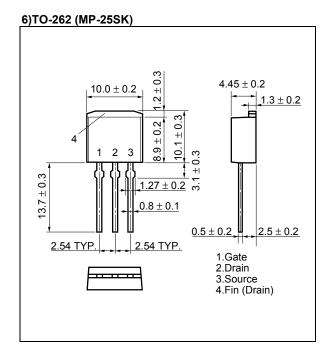




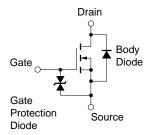


Note Not for new design





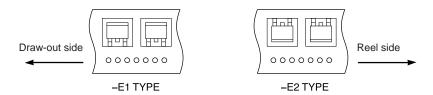
#### **EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT**



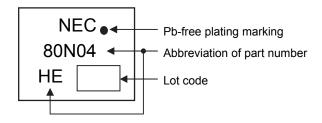
**Remark** The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD. When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.

#### TAPE INFORMATION

There are two types (-E1, -E2) of taping depending on the direction of the device.



#### MARKING INFORMATION



# RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

These products should be soldered and mounted under the following recommended conditions.

For soldering methods and conditions other than those recommended below, please contact an NEC Electronics sales representative.

For technical information, see the following website.

Semiconductor Device Mount Manual (http://www.necel.com/pkg/en/mount/index.html)

Soldering Method	Soldering Conditions	Recommended Condition Symbol	
Infrared reflow	Maximum temperature (Package's surface temperature): 260°C or below		
MP-25ZJ, MP-25ZK	Time at maximum temperature: 10 seconds or less		
	Time of temperature higher than 220°C: 60 seconds or less	IR60-00-3	
	Preheating time at 160 to 180°C: 60 to 120 seconds		
	Maximum number of reflow processes: 3 times		
	Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux (percentage mass): 0.2% or less		
Wave soldering	Maximum temperature (Solder temperature): 260°C or below		
MP-25, MP-25K, MP-25SK,	Time: 10 seconds or less	THDWS	
MP-25 Fin Cut	Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux: 0.2% (wt.) or less		
Partial heating	Maximum temperature (Pin temperature): 350°C or below		
MP-25ZJ, MP-25ZK,	Time (per side of the device): 3 seconds or less	P350	
MP-25K, MP-25SK	Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux: 0.2% (wt.) or less		
Partial heating	Maximum temperature (Pin temperature): 300°C or below		
MP-25, MP-25 Fin Cut	Time (per side of the device): 3 seconds or less	P300	
	Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux: 0.2% (wt.) or less		

Caution Do not use different soldering methods together (except for partial heating).

- The information in this document is current as of October, 2007. The information is subject to change without notice. For actual design-in, refer to the latest publications of NEC Electronics data sheets or data books, etc., for the most up-to-date specifications of NEC Electronics products. Not all products and/or types are available in every country. Please check with an NEC Electronics sales representative for availability and additional information.
- No part of this document may be copied or reproduced in any form or by any means without the prior
  written consent of NEC Electronics. NEC Electronics assumes no responsibility for any errors that may
  appear in this document.
- NEC Electronics does not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of third parties by or arising from the use of NEC Electronics products listed in this document or any other liability arising from the use of such products. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of NEC Electronics or others.
- Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided for illustrative purposes in semiconductor product operation and application examples. The incorporation of these circuits, software and information in the design of a customer's equipment shall be done under the full responsibility of the customer. NEC Electronics assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by customers or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software and information.
- While NEC Electronics endeavors to enhance the quality, reliability and safety of NEC Electronics products, customers agree and acknowledge that the possibility of defects thereof cannot be eliminated entirely. To minimize risks of damage to property or injury (including death) to persons arising from defects in NEC Electronics products, customers must incorporate sufficient safety measures in their design, such as redundancy, fire-containment and anti-failure features.
- NEC Electronics products are classified into the following three quality grades: "Standard", "Special" and "Specific".
  - The "Specific" quality grade applies only to NEC Electronics products developed based on a customer-designated "quality assurance program" for a specific application. The recommended applications of an NEC Electronics product depend on its quality grade, as indicated below. Customers must check the quality grade of each NEC Electronics product before using it in a particular application.
  - "Standard": Computers, office equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment and industrial robots
  - "Special": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, safety equipment and medical equipment (not specifically designed for life support).
  - "Specific": Aircraft, aerospace equipment, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems and medical equipment for life support, etc.

The quality grade of NEC Electronics products is "Standard" unless otherwise expressly specified in NEC Electronics data sheets or data books, etc. If customers wish to use NEC Electronics products in applications not intended by NEC Electronics, they must contact an NEC Electronics sales representative in advance to determine NEC Electronics' willingness to support a given application.

#### (Note)

- (1) "NEC Electronics" as used in this statement means NEC Electronics Corporation and also includes its majority-owned subsidiaries.
- (2) "NEC Electronics products" means any product developed or manufactured by or for NEC Electronics (as defined above).